PANAMA CANAL CONSTRUCTION PROFITS UNAC COUNTED FOR, AND A WILL DISPOSING OF HER FATHER'S ESTATE AL-

LEGED TO BE MISSING. Up to the time of her marriage, on April 5 last, Maude Eva Slaven Deplerris thought she was an beliess and would eventually receive a large amount of money from the estate of her father. At the present time she is not so sure of it. She is the only child by his first marriage of the late Moses American Contracting and Coefging Company, This mounty had a large part of the work of the Panma Canal to do, and it paid large dividends up to work was stopped on the canal.

(rs. Deplerris has brought a sult in the Supreme urt to secure from her uncle, Henry B. Slaven, and her stepmother, Ellen A. Slaven, her portion s estate. The suit takes the form of contention that Mr. Slaven, her father, made a will after the one which was admitted to probate, and that in this later will she was remembered, while in the will which was produced she is not

If there is any truth whatever in the affidavits which she has made, and which were presented to the court yesterday, the case will develop some extremely sensational features before it finishes.

The case came up on a motion to set aside an der for the examination of Henry B. and Ellen Slaven, Samuel Wesley Smith, Lila Slaven Chamberlain and Henry G. Holmes for the purpose ketting information to draw a complaint. cision on this motion was reserved by Justice Barett, in the Supreme Court, Chambers.

HER STEPMOTHER MARRIED HER UNCLE. According to the story of the plaintiff, her father has married twice. She is the only child by the t marriage. When she was only two years old her mother died. Her father married again in 1875, when the daughter by the first wife was six years There were three children by the second wife. widow has married the brother of her briner husband, Henry B. Slaven, who is also a

Moses died on September 14, 1886. At the time of her fether's death, the daughter says, she was at school in the Villa Maria Convent, in Montreal, and she had been there some time before his death. She had no knowledge whatever that her father is seriously iii, she declares, and the first she his condition was word which was sent was in the city less than a week when she was sent back again. Nothing was said to her about her father's will or his property, or to what part of it was entitled. After she had returned to school the American Consul at Montreal called upon her and she signed some paper which he brought. She does not know what the nature of it was, and it was not explained to her. She returned to the diy about a year later, and lived at the home of She has learned that there is a per in the Surrogate's office with her name igned to it as consenting to the appointment of Edward D. Cowan as her special guardian for the surpose of citing her to be present at the probate father's will. Although she thinks she must have signed it, she has no recollection of having She never knew her guardian, she says

Her uncle married her stepmother on May 28, 1889. plaintiff says the will which was admitted to probate was one which her father made in 1885, was about to go to Panama. He was in oor health at the time, she says, and was afraid that if he should die it would throw his estate into confusion and prejudice the carrying out of the extensive contracts of the firm of Slaven Brothers. that purpose, the daughter says, he made the will, giving everything to his wife, with instrucions that the contracts be carried out.

INFORMATION ABOUT ANOTHER WILL few weeks or days before her father died, however, she declares, he made another will which has either been lost or destroyed, she does not know which. This action is brought to find out something about it. Her information on the subject is derived from a statement of Henry G. Holmes, who

derived from a statement of Henry G. Holmes, who is an old friend of the family. He says that shortly before the death of Mr. Slaven he was called in from the next house to the Slaven home in St. Nicholas-ave, to witness a will. He went and performed the duty and returned home. A short time after this, he says, Mr. Slaven died. Mr. Holmes refused to make an affidavit to this fact, for the reason that he is and always has been a friend of the Slaven family, and he did not want to do anything on either side unless he was required to do so by an order of the court.

The daughter says that her father always treated her affectionately, and while he was on his deathbed he asked for her a number of times. She learned this from people who were in the house at the time. Since she has been living at the home of

APPRAISERS FIND LITTLE PERSONAL PROPERTY. The appraisers who estimated the value of her father's personal estate reported that the personal property was worth only \$1.450. The affairs of the they could not form a correct estimate of the value pany owned 11,383 shares of the stock of the company. The plaintiff sets up the allegation that the dividends paid on this stock up to the time operations were stopped amounted in all to \$3,513,305. Her uncle, too, has told her that he had \$1,500,000 put aside in the bank, besides the interest which he had in her father's estate. And yet the appraisers declared that they could only find \$1,400 in personal property belonging to Moses A. Slaven's estate.

praisers declared that they could only find \$1,400 in personal property belonging to Moses A. Slaven's estate.

Henry R. Slaven and his wife, 'he widow of Moses, live at No. 155 West Seventy-eighth-st. They are named in the will which was admitted to probate as the executors. They and their children, who are made defendants in the zuit, are represented by Butler, Stillman & Hubbard, while Holmes & Adams appeared for the plaintiff.

The defendants want the order for their examination before trial set aside, and they make a number of legal objections to it. The one most strenuously urged was, that if the allegations were true, and the defendants had concealed a will, they could not be compelled to say so, because it would tend to criminate them. They had sworn when filing the will which was admitted to probate that there was no other will known to them. Now they could not be required to say that there was another will, because that would be testifying against themselves. Consequently the counsel argued that an examination of the defendants could not de the plaintiff any good. Judge Barrett thought some other line of argument raight possibly be taken. It might appear that the will was properly destroyed, and the examination might bring out that fact.

The defendants' counsel also objected to the examination of third parties, who were not interested in the suit. The lawyers will have a chance to hand in briefs on the various points of law before the motion is decided.

ANOTHER TRIAL OF THE STEWART CASE. The suit of Alexander Stewart, one of the N imerous heirs who have appeared to claim a part of the estate of A. T. Stewart, was brought to trial before Chief Judge Daly in the Court of Common Pleas yesterday. The whole court day

once, and the plaintiff falled because of the weakness of his testimony. That defect has been
remedied new, it is said.

William H. Secor, who is counsel for the plaintiff, was suddenly taken ill when the case was
called on Morlay. Yesterday ex-Judge Curtis appeared for the plaintiff, and asked for another
adjournment because of Mr. Secor's liness, He
said that Mr. Secor had become much worse within
the last twenty-four hours, and his liness had
affected his mind to such an extent that he was
unable to consult with the other counsel about the
case.

case.

Eilhu Root, Joseph H. Choate and ex-Judge Russell appeared for ex-Judge Hilton, who is the defendant, and they opposed the metion for an adjournment. They said that Mr. Curtis knew all about the case, and could try it as well as Mr. Becor could. Judge Daiy decided that it must go on, and so the work of securing a jury was begun.

Peter B. Olney, Dr. Samuel R. Elliott and Samuel w. Milbank were yesterday appointed commis-sioners to inquire into the mental condition of Seorge W. Dillaway, a lawyer. They were ap-pointed by Judge Barrett, in the Supreme Court, Chambers. Mr. Dillaway is forty-seven years old, unmarried, and the son of Mrs. Martha R. Dillaway, of Roxbury, Mass. He had apartments in the "Croisic." at Fifth-ave. and Twenty-seventhwhich were handsomely furnished. Last summer he went to Ear Herbet, and is said to have been attacked with acute mania, which later developed into general parslysis. He was taken to the Channing Hospital, at Brookline, Mass., and later to the McLean Hospital, at Somerville, Mass. The petition for the commission was made by George H. Adams, a first cousin of Mr. Dillaway.

187. Dillaway was a well-known lawyer and clubman in this city. His office was at No. 12 Wall-

st, but he has not been there for some time. He was a member of the Manhattan. Harvard, City, Commonwealth Knickerbocker, University, Century and Players' clubs, the Downtown Association and the Bar Association. Considerable money was he questhed to him a number of years ago, and he had a good practice as a lawyer. The fact has been generally known among his friends and acquaintances for some time that he was insane.

BLAZIUS M. CHESEBROUGH WAS SINGLE. HIS DAUGHTER, HELD TO BE ILLEGITIMATE GETS NO SHARE OF HIS ESTATE.

The United States Circuit Court of Appeals yes terday decided the long-drawn litigation over the estate of Blazius M. Chesebrough, who died in 1866. The style of the suit is "Mrs. Leonora Augusta the daughter and brother of the dead man. woman, who is the wife of Thomas E. Arnold. A. Slaven, who, with his brother, Henry B. Slaven, brother of John H. V. Arnold, sued to get possession as the chief owner and arime mover of the of her father's estate. The defence was that she was an illegitimate child. In the United States Circuit Court Judge Lacombe, in a remarkably vivacious and picturesque opinion, decided in favor of Mr. Chesebrough. The appellate court confirm the judyment of the lower court, Judges Wallace and Shipman agreeing with Judge Lacombe. The third member of the court, Judge Wheeler, wrot

In 1853 Blazius M. Chesebrough, who was known as George M. Chesebrough, met Josephine Cregier in a Bond-st dancing school. The girl was only sixteen years old. They lived together as man and wife, registering as such in various hotels throughout the country. Cheesbrough even introduced the woman to his mother as his wife. In 1857 Leonora was born. In the register of her birth the mother's name was given as Josephine Chesebrough and the father always acknowledged the daughter as his. Josephine Cregier at one time testified that she and Chesebrough were married in Balitmore, but later said this was not true. It is the judgment of Judges Wallace and Shipman that there was no marriage of any kind. The introduction of the woman as Mrs. Chesebrough was only to gain admittance to hotels and to work on the generosity of Chesebrough's mother. To some friends the man spoke of Josephine Cregier as his mistress, and both were put out of a hotel at Nisagara Falls on their admitting that their relations were meretricious. There was no reason why so dissipated and dissolute a man should marry a woman after he had lived with her.

Judge Wheeler thought the evidence established a marriage. The value of the dead man's estate is now said to be about £00,000. only sixteen years old. They lived together as now said to be about \$500,000.

BENAIAH G. JAYNE SECURES A DIVORCE. Benaiah G. Jayne, formerly connected with the Secret Service Pepartment of the Federal Treasury, and well known as a special agent at the times of the moiety scandals, yesterday secured the nomination to the lucrative office of Sheriff a decree of absolute divorce from his wife. Flor-David Zewalthoff was named as the co-respondent. means, his property being valued at \$500,000. Upon established at Ithaca, N. Y., a large concern known terprise ended with the burning of the plant about five years ago. In 1885 Mr. Jayne went to Colorado to look after the interests of General Butler, who had a cattle ranch there, and other investments had a cattle ranch there, and other investments elsewhere in the West. It was then that the domestic troubles of the family began. Zewaithoff, a drug clerk in this city at that time, had previously made Mrs. Jayne's acquaintance. He followed the family to lithaca, and in the absence of the husband insinuated himself into the good graces of Mrs. Jayne. Mrs. Jayne is fifty years old, Mr. Jayne, now over sixty years old, is penniless and broken in health as a result of his domestic troubles. A. B. Bright was counsel for the husband and A. P. Wagener appeared for the wife.

DECISIONS BY THE COURT OF APPEALS. Albany, Oct. 24.—These decisions were among those handed down in the Court of Appeals to-day; Mary Fowler, appellant, agt. Metiopolitan Life. In su ance tompeney; E. Miliott agt. New Yors, and New England Raifrord company, appellants; F. Huerzeled a.t. Cestrai Cression Raifrord Company, appellant.—Judgment affirmed with costs.

Mary A. Peckham and others agt. Dutchess County Raifred company, appellant, the Mayor, etc., of New York, appellants, and New York, and light company, appellant, the Mayor, etc., of New York, appellants, and New York and light half the Raifred Company.—Judgment affined with costs, on opinion below. Hill, appellant, agt. Mayor, etc., of New-Judgment reversed, new trial tranted, costs York City.—Judgment reversed, new trial stranted, costs to stolic event.

Unused States Trust Company of New-York, as substituted turstee, and P. V. B. Stanton, appellant.—The part of judgment from which appear was taken denying right of defendant Stanton to judgment against plantiff personally for the excess, affirmed with costs.

People ex pol. J. Clausey art. Board of Supervisors of Westchester County, appellant, People ex rel. William H. McPuerson agr. same; People ex rel. T. F. McCrath agt. Same.—Arder affirmed with costs.

Mary Reid act, the May of etc., of New-York, appellants.—Judgment affirmed with costs and 10 per sent day age. Under subdivision fly, section 3.251 of the code. West-diagrom Company and others.—Motion to advance dealed with costs.

Solomon May agr. the City of Brooklyn, appellunt—Disniesed on accument.

The day calender for to-morrow is Nov. 111, 103, 72, 85, 84, 68, 68, 67, 87, 121. 86, 84, 65, 89, 121,

BUSINESS IN THE SUPREME COURT. Washington, Oct. 24.-Supreme Court of the

York, appellant, agt. the Wattern Western Railway constants and the St. The Walach Western Railway Company, appellant, agt. the United States Trust Company of New York. Leave granted to the additional brief herein on motion of F. W. Sheldon for Meran et al. and the United States Trust Company of New York. Argument continued by F. W. Leinnann for the Walach Western Railway Company and concluded by Theodore Sheldon for Moran et al. and the United States Trust Company of New-York. No. 30-Augustus R. Gumaer et al. appellants, agt. the Colorado Oli Company. Argued. No. 53-4 Leeds Thompson, receiver, etc., et al. plaintiffs in error, agt, the Slowy Falls National Rails of Sieux Palls, Dah. Argument begun by Thompson & McMartin for the plaintiffs in error and continued by C. K. Dayls and George A. Modill for the defendant in error.

The day call for Wednesday, October 25, will be as follows: Nos. 53, 52, 54, 55 (and 310), 60, 58, 29, 60, 61 and 62.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

Supreme Court.—Special Term.—Part I (special)—Reform O'Brien, J.—Case on, Stuyvesant vs. N. Y. E. R. R. Co. Creent Court.—Part 111.—Refore Introduce, J.—Nos. 812, 1106, 1678, 1502, 1858, 804, 804, 1508, 1101, 1201, O Brem. J. Cast on J. Cast of the Landson of L. No. Circuit Court-Part 111. Hefore Instanton J. No. 812, 1106, 1078, 1502, 088, 801, 944, 1508, 1161, 1291, 1416, 1507, 2436, 156, 1560.

Circuit Court-Part I. Before Patterson, J.-Cases from Part 111.

Circuit Court-Part IV-Before Lawrence, J.-Cases Circuit Court-Part IV-Before Lawrence, J.-Cases

through Court-Part IV-Before Lawrence, J. Class from Part III.

Surrogate's Court-Trial Term-Before Fitzgerald, S.—
Will of Joseph F. Johnson, 10:30 a. m.

Surrogate's Court-Chambers-Estates of John Carroll and Henry Hinek, 10:30 a. m. For probate: Wills of Joseph P. Baker, Jomes Halsead, Walter Vought, Eliza Bailson, James Donohue, Edward Byrnes, Ira Starr, Pabetts Frankenthaler, Amos Densmore, Isaac Buchanan, Esther Franke, 10:30 a. m.

Common Pleas, General Term-Before Bischoff, P. J., and Gegerich, J.—Apprais from District Courts, Common Pleas, Special Term-Before Giegerich, J.—Mo. Common Pleas, Common Pleas,

Nos. 532, 439.

Superior Court—Equity Term—Before Dugro, J.—
levated Railroad cases.

Superior Court—Trial Term—Part II—Before Sedgwick,

J.—Nos. 1187, 1200.

Superior Court—Trial Term—Part III—Before Freedman,

—Nos. 979, 1303, 1389, 1431, 1051, 1101, 11191, 1182.

Superior Court—Trial Term—Part III—Before McAdam,

—Nos. 185, 185, 1180, 1236.

City Court—Special Term—Before McCarthy, J.—

otions.

Common Pleas yesterday. The whole court day was used up in an ineffectual attempt to secure a jury. Only eleven men were in the box when the court adjourned for the day. The case will be continued this morning. This case has been tried once, and the plaintiff failed because of the weakness of his testimony. That defect has been reinedied new, it is said.

William H. Secor, who is counsel for the plaintiff, was suddenly taken ill when the case was called on Monday. Yesterday ex-Judge Curtis appeared for the plaintiff, and exiced for another adjournment because of Mr. Secor's lilness. He said that Mr. Secor had become much worse within the last twenty-four hours, and his lilness had last twenty-four hours, and his lilness had urt of General Sessions-Part I-Before Martine, J. Assistant District-Attorney Bradley-Nov. 1 to 2.

Court of General Sessions-Part II-Before Fitzgerald, and Assistant District-Attorney Townsend-Nes. 1 to 11. inclusive.

Court of General Sessions—Part 111—Before Cowing, J.,
and Assistant District-Attorney Macdona—Nos. 1 to 11,
inclusive.

" PARLIAMENT OF RELIGIONS" DISCUSSED.

The autumnal meeting of the New-York and Brooklyn Association of Congregational Churches was held yesterday afternoon and evening in the Trinity Congregational Church, the Rev. W. S. Ufford, pastor, at Washington-ave. and One-hun dred-and-seventy-sixth-st. The Rev. Dr. H. R. Waite, pastor of Trinity Congregational Church, Brooklyn, was moderator, and the Rev. Howard S. Bliss, assistant pastor of Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, was scribe and treasurer. There was a good attendance of pastors and delegates. The afternoon session was given up to devotional exercises evening session was large, it having been publicly announced that the Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbott, pastor of Plymouth Church, would deliver an address on "The Parliament of Religions." In the course of his address Dr. Abbett said that "The Parliament of Religions" was more than an intellectual curionity, Religious thought leaders had some acress the sea, partly to tell their faith and partly to learn the American. The first effect of the parliament had been to correct the opinion that all forms of religions but "our own" are mixtures of ignorance and superstition. A profound spirit of earnestness had been apparent at the gathering. The Shinto priest, the Buddhist philosopher and the Reman Catholic archbishop had been no less serious in their quest for truth than the Protestant theologian. Each had had words to utter which were worth hearing by the others. Possible effects of the parliament would be the encouragement of thought, and the proof that there is no great difference between the different religions. The report of the parliament, carefully studied, would be a valuable object lesson in comparative religion. It ought also to convince thoughtful Christians that what other religions seek is given by the religion of Jesus Christ. The wise student of the report would get a broader and more profound conception of Christianity and learn that it was more than Romanism, Anglicanism, Puritanism, Protestantism or Occidentalism.

RICH AT THE CITY'S EXPENSE.

HIGH TAX RATE AND LEVY UNDER THE RULE OF BROOKLYN DEMOCRATS.

UNSUCCESSFUL ATTEMPT OF THE RING TO PROVE THIS UNTRUE-SOMETHING FOR

The effort is being made by the Democratic campaign managers in Brooklyn to spread abroad the impression that the tax rate under Democratic rule is lower than under Republican managemen to the Administration of Mayor Schroeder, when the tax rate was high, as it had been under his Democratic predecessors, on account of the inflation of verything in the years succeeding the war. By placing the rate then with that of the four years favorable showing for the six years of Mayors Chapin and Boody. But the manifest unfairness of this is apparent when a comparison is made for the last twelve years, taking the four Republican years. under Mayor Low and the eight Democratic years under Mayors Whitney, Chapin and Boody. The crease has been far greater in recent years than formerly, Under Mayor Low the increase was from \$255,000,000 in round numbers to \$330,000,000, while under his successors the total has been

In this connection it may be pointed out that one of the Democratic assessors, for his services in swelling taxable values, has been rewarded with decree of absolute divorce from his wife, Flor-ce E. M. Jayne. The charge was infidelity, and purposes only was increased from about \$5,000,000 to \$7,000,000, while under the Democratic Mayora who succeeded him the total has grown to nearly perty being valued at \$500,000. Upon from the Government service he gard to the tax rate. The average rate of taxation for the four years of the Administration of Mayor Low was \$2.60 on \$100 of valuation, while for the eight years of Mayors Whitney, Chapin and Boody the average is \$2.71.

The following table gives the assessed valuations, total tax levies and taxes for the last dozen years,

THE STATE OF		The second secon		
he l	ast eight u	nder Democrat	ic.	
Yes	ır.	Assesments.	Tax levy.	
BBB			400, 5001, 403	#2.151
1888	**********		7,740,359	2.58
		817.853,850	8,311,512	2.62
884				
DES.	Versionen manner of	350,683,762	9,580,580	2.89
SSG	*** ** ********	362,000,202	44,5227,880	2.65
887			10.5/2.618	2.75
				0.74
SHE.	Witness are not a William	407.444,028	11,126, 18	315.6
8-9	************	428,48	12,637,674	2,104
800			11,505,412	2.57
			11,990,187	2.56
801	- APRICO CONTRACTOR (**)			2790
MEMI	***********	488 738,120	13, 153, 527	2.77
803		306.020,356	*14,039,320	*2.72

* Estimated

twelve years was in the second year of Mayor Chapin's administration, despite the addition of Chapin's administration, despite the addition of over \$20,000,000 to the assessed valuations, the increases in salaries and city expenditures being enormous. In his second term he succeeded in keeping the rate down, but Mayor Boody was not so successful, and, despite a great cutting down in the provisional estimates hast summer, the rate as estimated is almost the same as it was last year, aside from the fact that assessed valuations went up nearly \$21,00,000.

Democratic extravagance and wastefulness for eight long years have served to enrich favored contractors and those who "stand in" with the ring, while the seven men who rule the ring have profited largely at the expense of the City Treasury. It is now time for the tapayers to do something.

A LONG OCEAN RACE ENDED.

THE SHIP REAPER BEATS THE BARK WESTERN BELLE ON A VOYAGE PROM ASTORIA, ORE -NO RECORDS BROKEN.

One of the longest and most interesting ocean races on record ended, so far as the winner is ship Reaper, Captain William Taylor, arrived at this way down the Pacific, around the Horn, and up the two captains wagered \$1,000 a side on the result of the race, each captain, of course, backing his own vessel. As both ships were known to be fast many side bets on the result were made in Astoria and F. R. COUDERT, JOHN E. PARSONS, JAMES C. other Northwestern coast towns.

The passage from Astoria has been made before

in 198 days, but light and baffling winds during the first part of the voyage prevented either vessel from nearing this record. The Reaper encountered several squalls in the Pacific Ocean, in one of which she carried away her jibboom. This was replaced by a spare spar, but some time was necessarily iest, and to this the captain attributes the fact that he reached Pitcairn Island one day later than island a boat full of the settlers put off to talk

Captain McIntosh, however, had no time for ex-

Captain McIntosh, however, had no time for exchanging the amenities of the season. "Have you seen the Reaper?" he called to the boatmen.
"No," was the reply.
"Then good-by," said the captain, as he squared away on his course, thinking the Reaper must have passed by without touching.
When the Reaper arrived the next day she lay to for an hour and a half, and told the natives the news of the great world, of which they were so anxious to hear. They had received no news for about six months, and were especially eager to learn what wars were going on, and what political changes were taking place in Europe. They have no money on the Island, and did not care to discuss the sliver question. They gave the Reaper's people a hoatload of fruit in exchange for a pile of papers and books. All were well.

From Pitcairn the cruise of the Reaper was uneventful. She saw nothing of the Western Belle, which has not yet arrived here.

Common Pleas—Equity Term—Before Bischoff, J.—Addiourned until November 1, 1893.

Common Pleas—Coulty Term—Before Bischoff, J.—Addiourned until November 1, 1893.

Common Pleas—Crist Term—Part 1—Before Daly, C. J.—
Nos. 1293, 585, 1005, 1038, 1452, 725, 1476, 1800, 1002, 1465, 1150, 1516, popularity, until she has become known as one of in the completeness of every detail of her estab-lishment. Facial massage, chiropody and hair-dressing have become an art under her manage-ment. Mme. Cobb is preparing a series of scientific and medical lectures, which she will deliver in different New-York theatres during the winter.

Sixteen pretty girls were present at the Yorkville Po Sixteen pretty girss were present at the Yorkville Po-lice Court yesterday afternoon as witnesses for the defence and prosecution in the case of Harry Haff, sixteen years old, who is charged with seduction under a promise of marriage by Maud Heckman, fifteen years old. Young Haff is a good-looking, well-dressed youth, and lives at No. 302 East Forty-second-vt. Maud lives at No. 609 Ninth-ave. The age of Maud is being questioned by the Nint-ave. The age of Mand is being questioned by the defence. Her parents say that she was born on November 3, 1877, at Corneil, III., and Harry's granduncle is at present there examining the register of birth. When the case came up counsel for the defence said they were not prepared to so on and had the examination set down for Saturday morning.

CATHEDRAL TRUSTEES MEET.

At the regular monthly meeting of the trustees of the athedral of St. John the Divine, held yesterday aftertee on Foundation reported that borings had been made, but not to a sufficient depth to determine whether the proposed foundation of the new cahedral would be in danger if built according to the original plans. Stephen Nash, one of the trustees, reported that a settlement had been reached between the contestants of Mrs. Catherine U. Coles's will and that nothing would prevent the trunsfer to the cathedral trustees of one-half the residuary estate after the executors had realized on the lands. The approximate value of the gift is about \$250,000.

The Rev. Dr. Mergan Dix presided in the absence of Bishop Potter, who has game to Europe for rest. Georga Macculloch Miller was ascretary of the meeting. The cut menting meeting will be half on Seventhan 22.

MARING TAMMANY VOTERS BY THE WHOLE-

SALE-DIFFERENT METHODS IN THE UNITED STATES COURTS.

"Is this a monarchy or a republic?" asked one of the judges of the Court of Common Pleas the other day, of an applicant for citizen's papers. "Democrat-Democrat," said the applicant, has

"He has the right idea," suggested the judge, and he was admitted. Who is the President of the United States? was asked of another applicant, an Irishman,

in the Superior Court. George Washington," he answered promptly, and then, correcting himself:

"Oh, no: it wasn't George Washington-it was-er-he was President when I came over, but I don't know who is President now."

He also was admitted. Under the present system of administering the laws citizenship has become so cheap a thing that only a small proportion of those who apply for the honor in this city pay for their own papers. Those pernicious institutions known as naturaliza-tion bureaus pave the way for all sorts of abuses. Tammany Hall has full sway in the County Courthouse this fall, as the Republicans did not esof the city affairs. For this purpose they go back | tablish one of these bureaus this year. Tammany agents with checks to pay the fees of those wishing to become citizens are all about the corridors of the building. As a result, nearly every man who becomes a citizen in this month is a Tammany man. From the fact that the Common Pleas and the Superior Courts turn out about 200 citizens each every day, some idea of the strength which Tammany derives from this institution can

The examination by nearly all the judges of applicants for citizenship is an absolute farce. So far as arriving at any adequate idea of the qualifications of the applicants for citizenship, know and can know nothing about them from the

flimsy examinations which they make. In the Superior Court Thomas Boese, the chief clerk, has instructed his deputies to reject the

In the Superior could his deputies to reject the most ignorant of those who apply for naturalization papers, and so they are not allowed to go before the judge at all. Some of the judges seem to take it for granted that this examination made by the clerks is all that is necessary, and so they pass the applicants as fast as they can sign their names to the certificates.

The process of naturalization as carried on in the United States District Court is in every way adjunited and deliberate proceeding. The petitioners are not so numerous as they are in the State courts, the fees charged being larger, Judge Addison Brown passes on all the applications, and examines each candidate as if the matter were an ordinary judicial proceeding. He doesn't ask stereotypel questions, varying his inquiries with the apparent intelligence of the man before him. If the would-be citizen knows little English, the Judge spares no pains to have all questions made entirely plain to him. Sometimes over ten minutes are thus spent on a single man. Indeed, some educated men who wish to become citizens think the Judge is needlessly careful, but he has a high idea of the standard of American citizenship.

persons who had signed the certificates had failed to subscribe to the eath of identification at the said he was inclined to think that the certificates

were regular, but Commissioner Sheehan said he thought the law required that the juriat should be signed by the persons making the nominations. A motion to refuse to print the Klinker ballots was carried, Mr. MacLean voting "No."

On the same ground it was decided not to print the ballots for cito Kempiner, in the VIIth Assembly District, for John W. Repenhagen, IIId District, and for James D. Farrell, in the XVth Assembly District. President Martin said that if the Commissioners were at fault in their decision the courts could be appealed to in time to have the ballots printed. The nominations of George M. Bayne, in the IXth District, of James A. Bonnegan, in the IVth District, and of James A. Bonnegan, in the IVth District, were laid over for consideration at a meeting to-morrow on account of natices of objection.

A SUIT AGAINST EX-GOVERNOR FOSTER. to-morrow on account of notices of objection.

The Commissioners designated The Tribune, "The Press," The Sun' and "Daily America" as the newspapers to publish the names of candidates to be

" VOUNG PRIFFLESS LAWVERS" AMUSED CARTER, ALBERT STICKNEY AND OTHER

The members of the Committee of Fifteen, prominent members of the Bar Association, who have in hand arrangements for the anti-Maynard meeting to be held in Cooper Union to-morrow evening, are evidently not much distressed by the words of lyn on Monday evening, referred to these gentlemen as "young briefless lawyers," "little busy-

bodies." "a brainless set of namby-pambies."

The gentlemen of whom New-York's senior Senator spoke were James C. Carter, Frederic R. Condert, Wheeler H. Peckham, Clifford A. Hand, Hornblower, E. Ellery Anderson, Ellhu Root and New-York bar. A Tribune reporter called on most of these gentlemen yesterday to ask them what they thought of Senator Hill's speech. The men lawyers' were found to be not at all disturbed by the description. Frederick R. Coudert smiled when he was asked for his opinion of Senator Hill's

Brooklyn speech.
"I haven't read the Senator's speech," he said. "I have only had time to glance over the papers this morning I see that the Senator calls us young briefless lawyers. I was so well pleased to hear that I was young again that I overlooked the 'briefless' part."

young briefless lawyers. I was so well pleased to hear that I was young again that I overlooked the briefless part.

Mr. Peckham, Mr. Hand, Mr. Stickney and Mr. Carter were also evidently glad to hear that they were young again. They had not read Senator Hill's speech and consequently could not express any opinion on it. They will, however, have something to say on the subject to-morrow evening.

John E. Parsons was disposed to treat Senator Hill's speech in Brooklyn with a good-humored sarcasm that incleated his conviction that the machine defence of Maynard was no more beneficial to the thinted candidate than has been the revelation by Governor Flower of his early boyhood ethics. When asked about the declaration of Hill that the Har Association was composed of "namby-pambies" and "oriefless lawyers," Mr. Parsons replied: "Mr. Hill says that there are 5,004 members of the bar in New-York City, and only 1,108 are members of the Bar Association. Well, I would be willing to take the income of 500 members of the Bar Association and let Mr. Hill have the income of all the rest, and I would be better off than he would be. It is doubtless true that there are some experienced members of the bar who had the misfortune at one time of being young. But I do not care to discuss the subject further. My opinion of Mr. Maynard was expressed deliberately and calmly in the report of the Bar Association, and

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NATURALIZATION A FARCE. I am of the same opinion still, notwithstanding Mr. Hill's speech in Brooklyn."

RIDICULOUS SCENES IN STATE COURTS. FOR A BIG MASS-MEETING.

EX-MAYOR SCHROEDER TO PRESIDE AND SETH LOW AND OTHERS TO SPEAK.

REPUBLICANS AND INDEPENDENTS DOING GOOD WORK IN BROOKLYN-PRAISE FOR MR. BUTTLING.

A big mass-meeting will be held in the Academy of Music in Brooklyn on Saturday night, under the auspices of the Committee of One Hundred, composed of Republicans and Democrats, which was formed before the nominations were made to promote the naming of a reform candidate for Mayor and is heartily supporting Mr. Schleren. It is expected that ex-Mayor F. A. Schroeder will preside. The principal speaker will be ex-Mayor Seth Low Charles A. Schieren, Asa W. Tenney and F. W. Hinrichs will also speak. The committee in charge of the meeting consists of Henry W. Maxwell, Willis L. Ogden, Daniel Chauncey, Edward H. Houbs, D. S. Ramsey, Dr. George W. Brush, Stephen Perry Sturges, William H. Nichols, A. Augustus Healy, G. W. Thompson, R. Ross Appleton, Henry Hentz, Robert Baker, N. B. Hoxie, Jr., and Alfred Hodges. Their aim is to get ex-Mayors Schroeder and Low together upon the

platform as exponents of the reform charter of The president of the Women's Health Protective Association, Mrs. Ellen Scrimgeour, sent a letter to Mr. Schieren yesterday, inclosing a copy of the resolutions passed at the recent meeting favoring his election. The president said that mittee had decided not to take up Mr. Schleren's time by calling upon him, knowing that he was exceedingly busy.

The representatives of the United Liquor Dealers' Association failed to meet Mr. Schieren for the conference he offered to them yesterday, but sent him word that they had "indorsed" the whole

Judge Moore took pains to be present yesterday while naturalization was going on in the clerk's office of his court.

A far-fetched attempt was made yesterday to ald the candidacy of Bird S. Coler, a Democratic

clerk, has instructed his deputies to reject the most known and those who apply for naturalization papers, and so they are not those of the party of

end of the certificate, and he expressed the belief that the certificates were, therefore, defective and irregular. A lawyer representing the association between Seventy-second-st. and Eighty-sixth-st. argued that it was not necessary that the oath of identification be signed except by the notary between Seventh-ave, and the North River. It inthe administered the eath. Commissioner MacLean | cludes also the whole of the Twenty-third Ward. Mr. Gruber is circulating among the voters little

Chicago, Oct. 24.-A dispatch from Fostoria, Ohio, says: "Charles Foster arrived home on Saturday night. The rumors of his arrest are without foundation. Creditors have secured attorneys and begun action against him, but not of a criminal

Tiffin, Ohio, Oct. 24.-Suit was begun here yester day by Mrs. Anna Ball, of Fostoria, one of the creditors of ex-Governor Foster, to enjoin the transfer of certain property, real and personal. Seventeen defendants are named, the principal ones being ex-Governor Foster, John E. Wilkinson, Charles Oimsted and Mrs. Laura Foster, mother of the Governor, all of whom were parties in the banking firm of Foster & Co. It is alleged in solvent two years ago; that in October, 1883. Charles solvent two years ago; that in October, 1883, Charles
Foster deeded his homestead and other real properly to his mother, who in turn deeded it to his
wife, but the deeds were not recorded until the
day of the assignment, May 26, 1883; that March
21, 1883, Charles Foster and wife deeded \$110,000
worth of property to William L. Harkness, a
creditor, but the deeds were not recorded until
after the assignment. It is further alleged that
Charles Olmsted and John E. Wilkinson also trans-Charles Olmsted and John E. Wilkinson also trans-ferred certain real and personal property on the day of the assignment Temporary injunctions were granted, restraining all the defendants from transferring or disposing of any of the property in question, and the recorders of the three counties in which it is located were restrained from re-cording any document making such transfer. The committee appointed by the creditors some time ago are back of the suit.

UNITED PRESS OFFICES MOVED. Washington, Oct. 24.-The United Press this

morning moved into its new quarters on the fourth floor of the handsome structure just finished for "The Washington Post," one of the beauty spots in Pennsylvania-ave, just around the corner from Pourteenth-st, where "Newspaper Row" has been located for so many years.

The new offices of the United Press comprise a suite of ten rooms. Every convenience that modern ingenuity could suggest has been availed of, and the Washington Bureau in its new home will be better equipped than ever for recording the doings at the Nation's capital.

A BIG REAL ESTATE TRANSFER. F. A. Condit, the well-known Real Estate Ex-

fer of three apartment houses, thirty-three feet twenty-eighth-st., west of Seventh-ave., for about \$100,000, to one of the Belmonts, in exchange for certain Belmont property. What the Belmont property consisted of his not yet been made public. Mr. Condit does no renting and seldom makes an out and out sale. His specialty is exchanging. His office is at No. 67 West Twenty-third-st.

There was an exciting scene in the Tombs Police Court

who had been arrested on a charge of larceny, suddenly became insene, and was with difficulty overpowered by court officers. He was arrested at 2 o'clock yeaterday afternoon on the charge of stealing a case of corsets from a truck in front of the store of Warren Bros., No. 359 Broadway. The prisoner had evidently been drinking. While standing in front of the desk of the clerk, he was seized with an attack of delirium tremens. He struck violently at Policeman McCue, who stood by him. McCue grappied with him, but was unable to manage him. Court Officers Murphy and Palton came to his assistance. and the struggling shricking man was carried into the prisoners' pen, where he became comparatively caim after a while. He was then arraigned and held for examination

HE SWINDLED MAIDEN LANE PEOPLE.

Joseph Nelson, twenty-nine years old, until recently a travelling salesman for Edward E. Holdeman, a jeweller a travelling salesman for Edward E. Holdeman, a jeweller at No. 33 Maiden Lane, was a prisoner in the Tomis Police Court yesterialy morning, charged with grand larceny by his former employer. Nelson was discharged three days ago, owing to dull business. An examination into his accounts disclosed the fact that he had been dishonest. He had been in the employ of Mr. Holdeman for four months. Besides taking goods worth \$200 from his employer, it is alleged that Nelson obtained goods of considerable value from firms with which his employer had dealings, by representing that he was authorized to get the goods by his employer. Justice Martin hald him get the goods by his employer. Justice Martin held him

PENKNIVES.

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instantly removes all stains,

PREPARING FOR THE HORSE SHOW

ANIMALS OF HIGH DEGREE ENTERED FOR THE COMING EXHIBITION.

The Horse Show will soon be on in all its glory Year by year the New-York Association has twent fashionable world of the metropolis, until the annual exhibition has grown to be a thing as confidently looked forward to and sighed for by fair maidens and young men on their return from mountain, lake and seaside resorts, as the style of the autumn bonnet or the knob of the latest pattern two in the year, is now by common consent devoted to the admiration of the sleek-limbed quadruped which has been pronounced "a very useful animal" by every schoolboy author in the land. There have been many entries of all classes of horses in the books, closing on Monday evening. The spur to earnestness and excellence has been driven deeply into the sides of exhibitors by Secretary Hyde, who shrinks from contact with every-thing that is lacking in good taste and perfection of detail, in the rame degree manifested by the frog which leaps into the water at the approach of the unsympathetic cow wandering by the side of the meadow stream.

unsympathetic cow wandering by the side of the meadow stream.

These are some of the well-known horses that will be on exhibition:

Theoroughbreds-Class 1-Hempstead Farm, "Macbeth": Madison Stud, "Greenland" and "Devotee"; G. W. Cooke (Canada), "Ironside": Frank L. Parker, "Elect"; Belwood Stud (S. S. Howland), "Lunar Eclipse"; James A. Striker, "Saxony"; W. A. Wadsworth, "The Devil to Pay."

Hackneys-Prescott Lawrence, "Fashion"; Bloodgood Stock Farm, "The General II": Woodlawn Park Stock Farm (Judge Hilton), "Prince Victor II"; W. Seward Webb, "Matchless of Londesboro"; A. T. Cassatt, "Cadet"; Thompson & Bland, "March Past"; Robert Berth (Canada), "Ottawa."

The last named horse, Ottawa, was a first prize winner in his class at the World's Fair exhibit of hackneys at Chicago.

A NEW SCHOOL BUILDING TO BE OPENED. The trustees of the Tenth Ward will have special

exercises to-day at the opening of the new build-ing for Grammar School No. 7, at Hester and Chrystie sts., a description of which was recently published in The Tribune. Miss Catharine V. Davis and J. Frank Wright are the efficient principals of the school. The exercises will begin at 1 p. m. of the school. The exercises will begin at 1 p. m. in the main hall, on the third floor, and the boys and girls' departments will unite in the exercises. Brief addresses will be made by members of the Board of Education, of the George E. Trimble Association and by ex-school officers and teachers and the alumni of the school. A meeting of the George E. Trimble Association and other graduates will be held after the exercises. The reunion of the alumni, school officers and patrons will be held at Adelphi Hall, Broadway and Fifty-second-st., on the evening of November 4, at which a dinner will be served.

GEN CRITTENDEN'S BODY SENT TO KENTUCKY. The body of General Thomas L. Crittenden, who died on Staten Island on Monday, was brought to this city yesterday and sent to Frankfort, Ky., where it will be yesteray and sent to Frankfort, Ny., where it will be buried. The coffin containing the body was met at South Ferry by a detail of soldiers from Governor's Island, headed by General O. O. Howard, and escorted through the streets to Cortlandt-st, ferry. Among others who folowed the remains were Colonel Cary, U. S. A.; Murray, James A. Patterson, William Watson and Lieutenant Van Duzen, U. S. A.

